FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223

2021-22 FINANCIAL REPORT



BOARD OF DIRECTORS	TERM EXPIRES
Carolyn McVicker, Chair	June 30, 2023
Anne Price, Vice Chair	June 30, 2025
Tom Donohue, Director	June 30, 2023
Sean Carlton, Secretary	June 30, 2025
Cameron Gogas, Director	June 30, 2025

All Directors receive mail at the Authority Office address listed below

REGISTERED AGENT

John Wesely, Authority Manager P.O. Box 520 34005 Cape Kiwanda Drive Pacific City, Oregon 97135

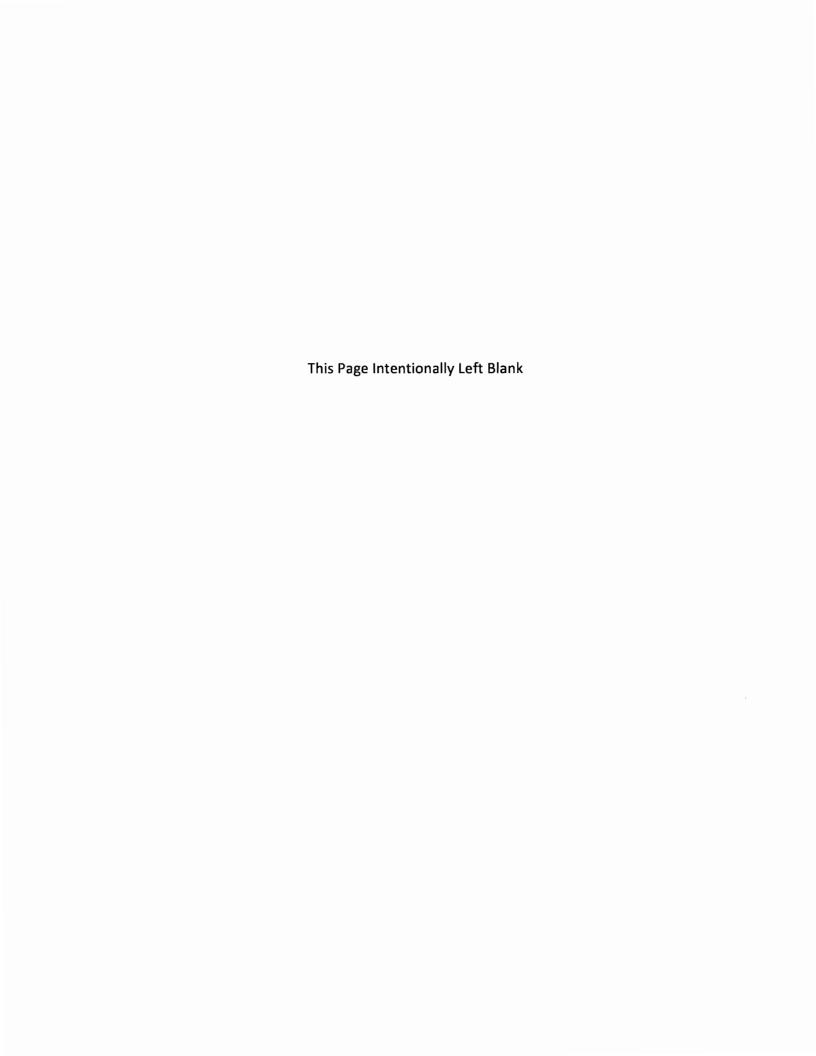
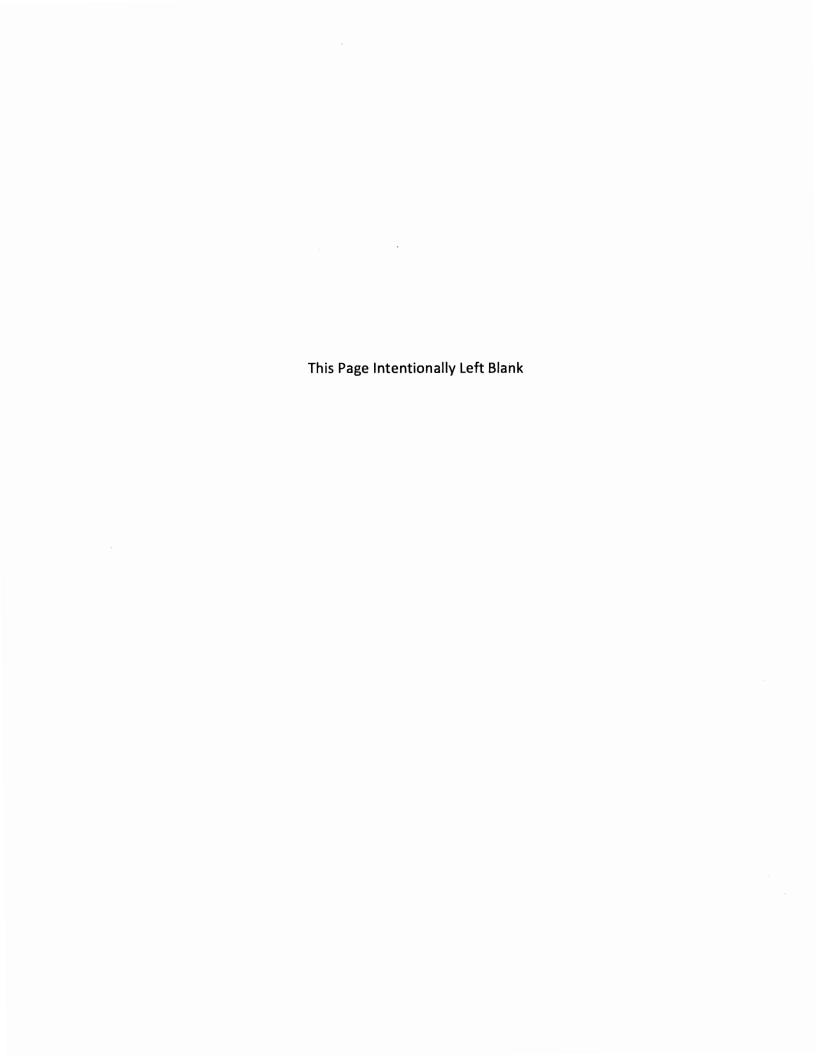


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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



PAULY, ROGERS, AND Co., P.C. 12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 (503) 684-7523 FAX www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

August 2, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Pacific City Joint Water-Sanitary Authority (the Authority)
Tillamook County, Oregon

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pacific City Joint Water-Sanitary Authority, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. The prior year comparative information has been derived from the Pacific City Joint Water-Sanitary Authority financial statements and, in our report dated June 30, 2021, we expressed an unmodified opinion on the respective financial statements of the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pacific City Joint Water-Sanitary Authority, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Pacific City Joint Water-Sanitary Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Pacific City Joint Water-Sanitary Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Pacific City Joint Water-Sanitary Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Pacific City Joint Water-Sanitary Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CRF) Part 200, Uniform Administrative

Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the other information, as listed in the table of contents, and the listing of board members containing their term expiration dates, located before the table of contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 2, 2023 on our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated August 2, 2023, on our consideration of compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Roy R. Rogers, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

Roy R Rogers

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Pacific City Joint Water-Sanitary Authority Management's Discussion and Analysis FY 2022

As management of the Pacific City Joint Water-Sanitary Authority (Authority), we offer readers of the Authority's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our notes to the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- Total assets of the Authority at June 30, 2022 were \$26,912,500 and include capital assets of \$21,139,216, restricted assets of \$5,154,545, and unrestricted current assets of \$618,739. Overall, total assets for the Authority decreased 0.39% from FY 2021.
- PCJWSA's assets exceeded its liabilities on June 30, 2022 by \$16,918,897 (net position). This amount reflects an increase of \$1,087,581 or 6.87% from FY 2021 and an increase of \$944,278 since FY 2020. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, unrestricted net position in the amount of \$560,278 includes \$382,189 in cash and cash equivalents that may be used to meet the Authority's obligations. This represents a 7.64% increase in year-end unrestricted net position from FY 2021.
- At June 30, 2022, capital assets less related debt was \$11,221,311, a decrease of 0.35% from FY 2021. Long-term debts total \$9,380,402 showing a decrease of 5.59% from FY 2021. The decrease is primarily due to the Authority's principal payments on the Authority's outstanding debt.
- Operating revenues for FY 2022 were \$1,485,382, an increase of 7.4% from FY 2021 or \$102,362.
- Total operating expenses for FY 2022 were \$2,709,816 reflecting an overall decrease of 2.97%, \$83,036 from the previous year. Labor and benefits decreased 9.66%; materials and services costs decreased 1.84%.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Pacific City Water-Sanitary Authority's basic financial statements. The Authority is a self-supporting entity and follows enterprise fund reporting; accordingly, the basic financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Authority's basic financial statements consists of the Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Activities, and the Statement of Cash Flows.

The Statement of Net Position presents the current and long-term portions of assets and liabilities separately and may provide a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating. This statement includes all of the Authority's assets and liabilities and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to the Authority's creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for evaluating the capital structure of the Authority and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the Authority.

The Statements of Activities present information showing profitability and credit worthiness as well as how the Authority's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. This statement shows income and expenses from operations, non-operating revenues and expenses and reconciles the change from one fiscal year to the next. This statement measures the success of the Authority's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the Authority has successfully recovered its costs through its user fees and other charges.

The Statement of Cash Flows is prepared using the direct method and is concerned solely with input and outlay of cash from operating activities, capital and related financing activities and investing activities. This statement also includes reconciliation to the Statements of Activities. The primary purpose of this statement is to provide information about the Authority's cash receipts and cash payments during the reporting period. It answers questions such as; "where did the cash come from, what was the cash used for, and what was the change in cash balance during the reporting period?"

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Financial Analysis

Net Position

Over time, net position may serve as a useful indicator of the Authority's financial position. As shown in the following table, the Authority's assets exceeded liabilities by \$16.9 million on June 30, 2022 and reflect an increase of approximately \$1,087,581 or 6.87% over the Authority's net position at the close of FY 2021.

Investment in capital assets is by far the largest portion of the Authority's net position (\$11.2 million or 39.76% of total net position), and includes the Authority's investment in land, buildings, equipment, reservoirs, and pipelines. The Authority used these capital assets to provide water and wastewater services to customers; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

	1	Net Position			
	2022	2021	Difference 2022-2021	Percent Change	Restated 2020
Assets:					
Current Assets	\$ 618,739	\$ 608,632	\$ 10,107	2%	\$ 676,827
Current Restricted Assets	5,154,545	4,627,257	527,288	11%	4,960,557
Capital Assets	21,139,216	21,781,857	(642,641)	-3%	22,075,063
Total Assets	26,912,500	27,017,746	(105,246)	0%	27,712,447
Deferred Outflows of Resources	78,557	2,320	76,237	3286%	643
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$ 26,991,057	\$ 27,020,066	\$ (29,009)	0%	\$ 27,713,090
Liabilities:					
Current Liabilities	45,717	607,143	(561,426)	-92%	582,970
Non-Current Liabilities	108,538	60,412	48,126	80%	43,464
Long Term Debt	9,917,905	10,521,195	(603,290)	-6%	11,111,394
Total Liabilities	10,072,160	11,188,750	(1,116,590)	-10%	11,737,828
Net Position:					
Invested in Capital Asset	11,221,311	11,260,662	(39,351)	0%	10,963,669
Reserved for Debt Service	1,850,968	1,364,414	486,554	36%	1,482,914
Reserved for Capital Improvements	3,286,340	2,685,716	600,624	22%	2,909,348
Unrestricted	560,278	520,524	39,754	8%	604,015
Total Net Position	16,918,897	15,831,316	1,087,581	7%	15,959,946
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 26,991,057	\$ 27,020,066	\$ (29,009)	0%	\$ 27,697,774

Change in Net Position

As shown in the next table the Authority's operating, non-operating and capital activities increased total net position by \$1,087,581 from FY 2021 and \$945,663 since FY 2020.

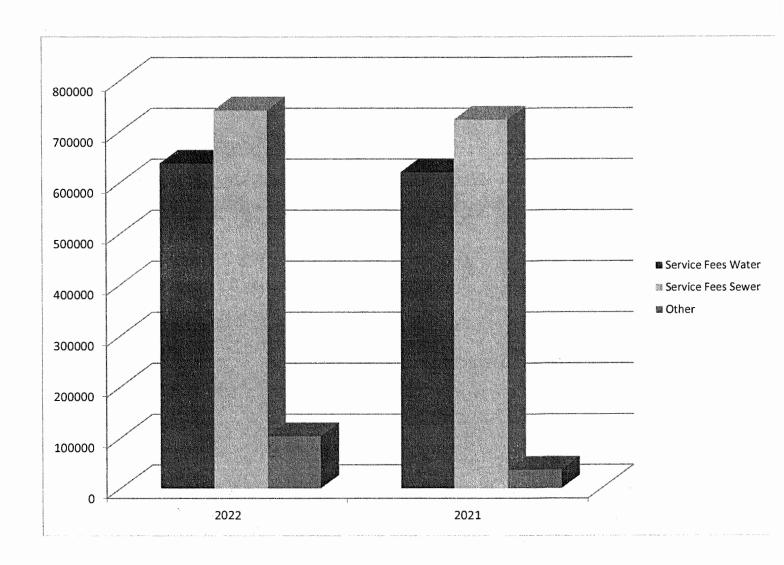
Change in Net Position

	2022	2021	Difference 2022-2021	Percent Change	Restated 2020
Operating Revenue:					
Service Fees Other Operating Revenues	\$ 1,381,419 103,963	\$ 1,345,576 37,444	\$ (35,843) (66,519)	3% 64%	\$ 1,314,285 17,942
Total Operating Revenues	1,485,382	1,383,020	(102,362)	7%	1,332,227
Operating Expenses:					
Personal Services Materials and Services Depreciation and Amortization	873,812 625,218 1,210,786	967,300 636,947 1,188,605	93,488 11,729 (22,181)	-11% -2% 2%	871,708 547,419 836,507
Total Operating Expenses	2,709,816	2,792,852	83,036	-3%	2,255,634
Net Income, (Loss) From Operations	(1,224,434)	(1,409,832)	(185,398)	-15%	(923,407)
Non-Operating Revenue, (Expenses)	1,695,664	1,281,202	(414,462)	24%	1,334,584
Change in Net Position	471,230	(128,630)	(599,860)	127%	411,177
Beginning Net Position (Restated)	16,447,667	15,959,946	(487,721)	3%	15,548,769
Ending Net Assets	\$ 16,918,897	\$ 15,831,316	\$ (1,087,581)	6% \$	15,959,946

Operating Revenues

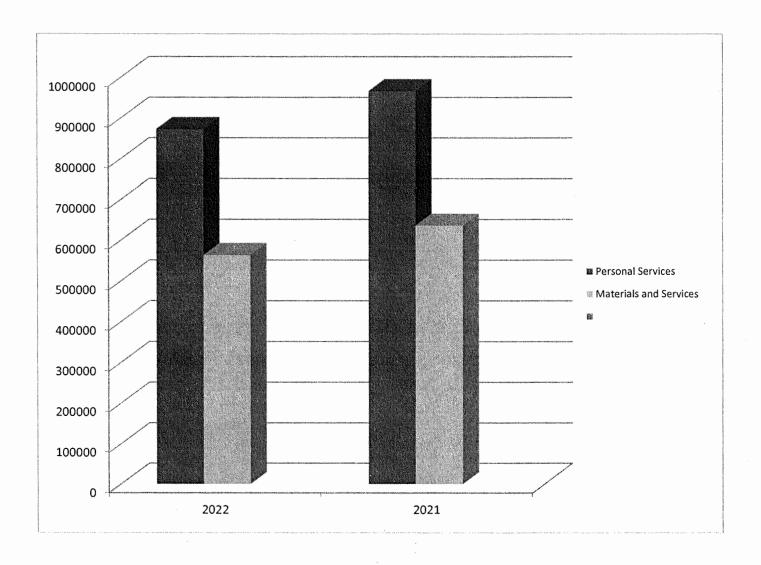
FY 2022 operating revenues increased \$102,362 or about 7% from FY 2021. The Authority sets rates annually and increases are based on cost of service and requirements needed to fund operations and capital improvements.

Other operating revenues are comprised of various miscellaneous fees and charges, including the monthly charge assessed for streetlights electricity, contracts for sludge hauling and laboratory testing, and sewer inspections.



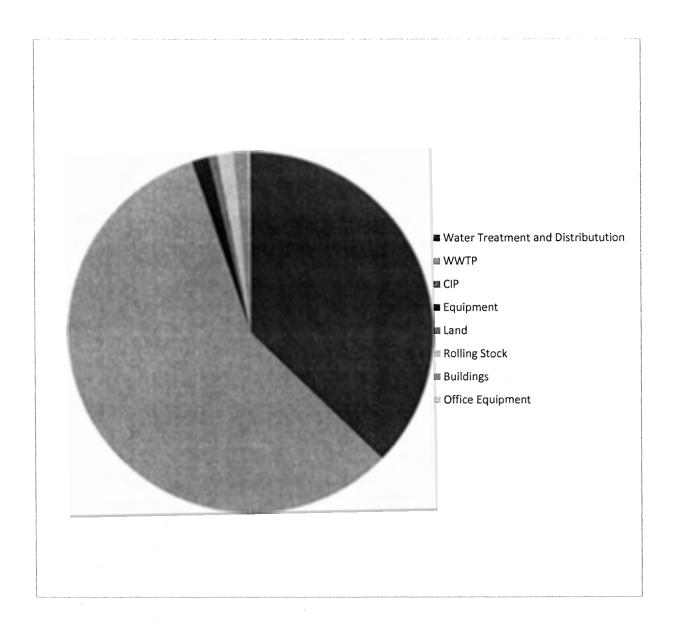
Operating Expenses

In the materials and supplies expenses portion of the budget, the cost of dues and subscriptions, employee training, liability insurance, transportation, and expected supplies were less than projected.



Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2022, the Authority had \$21,139,216 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, water treatment and water distribution systems, wastewater treatment and collection systems, and equipment. These amounts are net of depreciation. See the notes to the financial statements for additional information on capital assets.



Debt Administration

As of June 30, 2022, the Authority owed \$1,749,587 for a General Obligation Bond approved by voters in November 2007, \$103,135 for a line of credit approved in 2014 and \$8,065,183 for revenue financing of the WWPT upgrade.

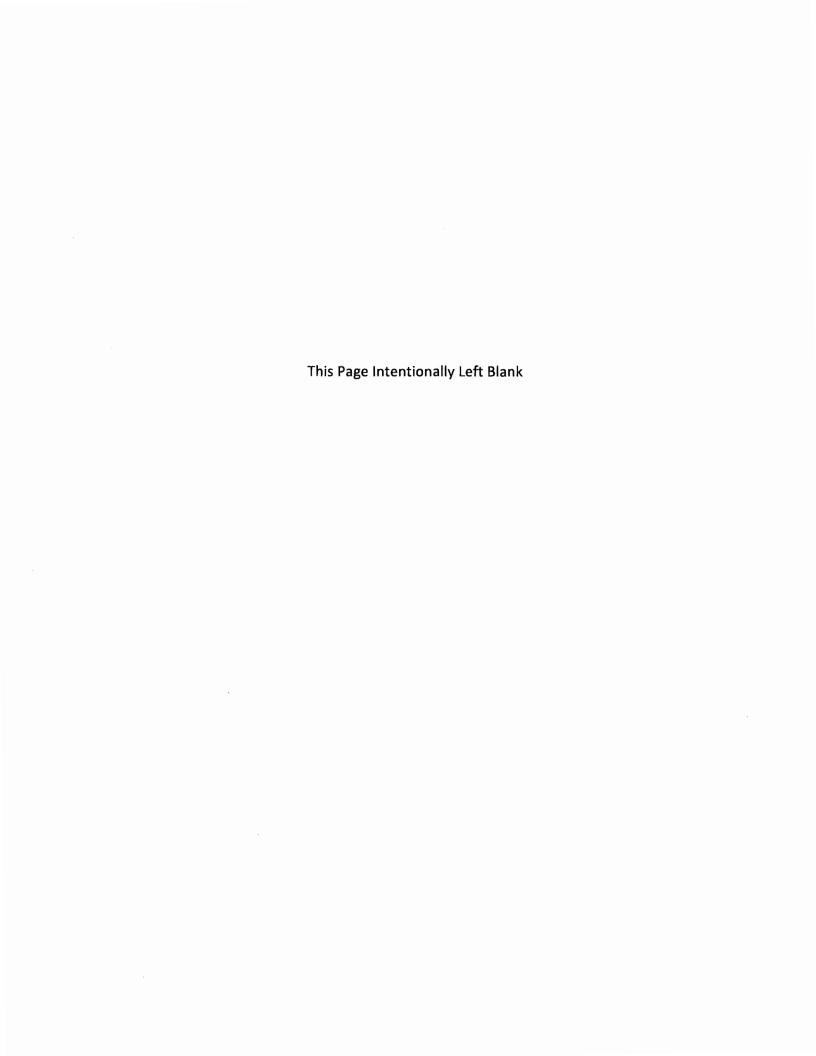
Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The total amount of appropriations in the 2022-2023 Fiscal Year's budget is as follows:

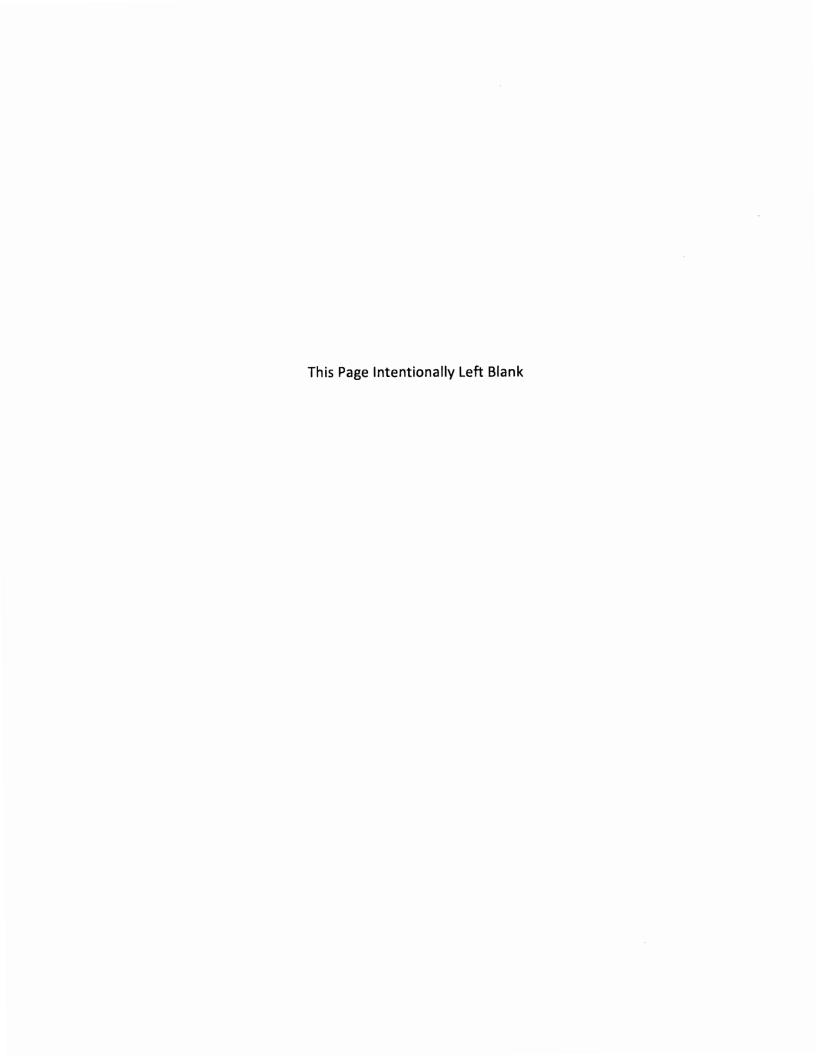
Master Plan Appropriations:	\$ 0
Debt Service Fund Appropriations:	\$ 2,407,143
Water SDC/CIC Fund Appropriations:	\$ 1,957,108
Sewer SDC/CIC Fund Appropriations:	\$ 1,272,391
Water Enterprise Fund Appropriations:	\$ 808,476
Sewer Enterprise Fund Appropriations:	\$ 968,418
For a total of	\$ 7,413,536

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Pacific City Joint Water-Sanitary Authority's finances for parties interested in the Authority's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to John Wesely, Authority Manager P.O. Box 520, Pacific City, OR 97135.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022 and 2021

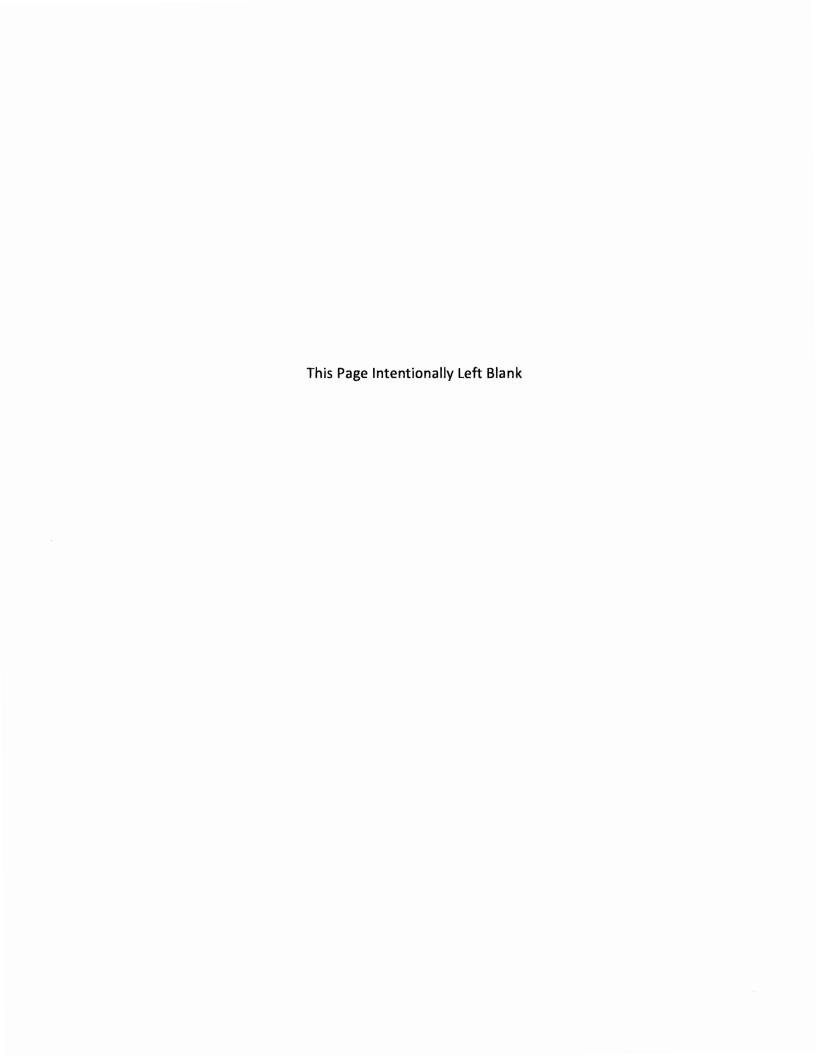
	2022	2021
ASSETS:		
Current		400.700
Cash and Equivalents	\$ 382,189	\$ 409,786
Utility Billing Accounts Receivable	114,120	138,000
Employee Receivable	24,952	-
Prepaid Expenses	32,024	-
Materials Inventory	65,454	60,846
Total Current Assets	618,739	608,632
Restricted Assets		
Debt Service Fund		
Cash and Investments	1,808,150	151,129
Accounts Receivable	28,664	-
Taxes Receivable	14,167	39,571
Master Plans Fund		
Cash and Investments	-	1,688,572
Utility Billing Accounts Receivable	-	32,667
Water SDC/CIC Reserve Fund		
Cash and Investments	2,069,666	1,682,705
Utility Billing Accounts Receivable	4,259	5,291
Sewer SDC/CIC Reserve Fund	·	
Cash and Investments	1,222,737	1,019,184
Utility Billing Accounts Receivable	6,902	8,138
Total Restricted Assets	5,154,545	4,627,257
Non-Current		
Unamortized Bond Issue Costs		
Capital Assets		
Non-Depreciable	458,169	304,404
Depreciable	38,608,011	38,241,344
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(17,926,964)	(16,763,891)
Net Capital Assets	21,139,216	21,781,857
Total Assets	26,912,500	27,017,746
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
OPEB Health Insurance related deferrals	78,557	2,320
TOTAL ASSETS AND RELATED DEFERRALS:	\$ 26,991,057	\$ 27,020,066
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION:		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$ 45,717	\$ 58,082
Retainage Payable	43,717	547,525
Payroll Liabilities	_	1,536
Accrued Compensated Absences	35,084	42,337
Payable from Restricted Assets	33,004	42,337
Note, Bonds Payable - Current Portion	610,957	603,290
Total Current Liabilities	691,758	1,252,770
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Other post-employment benefit (OPEB) obligation - Health Insurance	73,454	18,075
Note, Bonds Payable, Less Current Portion	9,306,948	9,917,905
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	9,380,402	9,935,980
Total Liabilities	10,072,160	11,188,750
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,221,311	11,260,662
Restricted for Debt Service	1,850,968	1,364,414
Restricted for Capital Improvements	3,286,340	2,685,716
Unrestricted	560,278	520,524
Total Net Position	16,918,897	15,831,316
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 26,991,057	\$ 27,020,066

STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES For the Years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

		2022	2021
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Service Fees - Sewer	\$	742,915	\$ 724,496
Service Fees - Water		638,504	621,080
Streetlight Assessments		7,807	7,734
Miscellaneous Charges		7,340	2,710
Tap Fees/Inspections		23,866	15,002
Reimbursements		64,950	 11,998
Total Operating Revenues		1,485,382	1,383,020
OPERATING EXPENDITURES:			
Personnel Services		873,812	967,300
Materials and Services		625,218	636,947
Depreciation		1,210,786	 1,188,605
Total Operating Expenses		2,709,816	 2,792,852
Operating Income (Loss)	****	(1,224,434)	 (1,409,832)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENDITURES):			
Property Taxes		388,913	381,202
Earnings on Investments		(17,278)	40,039
Grant Proceeds		-	444,695
System Development Charges		1,058,412	259,844
Capital Improvements Charges		487,411	479,552
Interest Expense on Bonds and Leases		(221,794)	(234,130)
Short-Lived Assets	400 44	-	 (90,000)
Total Non-Operating Income	-	1,695,664	1,281,202
Change in Net Position		471,230	(128,630)
Beginning Net Position (restated for June 30, 2022)	****	16,447,667	15,959,946
Ending Net Position	\$	16,918,897	\$ 15,831,316

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the Years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

		2022		2021
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Received from Customers Cash Paid to Suppliers Cash Paid to Employees	\$	1,484,869 (549,321) (928,411)	\$	1,419,289 (675,615) (966,740)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		7,137		(223,066)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Earnings on Investment		(17,278)		40,039
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities		(17,278)		40,039
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchase of Capital Assets Purchase of Short-Lived Assets Increase in Retainage Payable Principal Payments on Long-term Debt (Net) Interest Payments on Long-term Debt		(568,145) - (603,290) (221,794)		(895,399) (90,000) 61,525 (590,199) (234,130)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(1,393,229)		(1,748,203)
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities Property Tax Contributions/Sale of Assets Grants		388,913		381,202 444,695
Capital Improvements Charges System Development Fees		487,411 1,058,412	*	479,552 259,844
Net Cash Provided By Non-Capital Financing Activities		1,934,736		1,565,293
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	•	531,366		(365,937)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		4,951,376		5,317,313
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	5,482,742	\$	4,951,376
Detail of Cash: Unrestricted Master Plans Fund Debt Service Fund Water SDC/CIC Reserve Fund Sewer SDC/CIC Reserve Fund	\$	382,189 1,808,150 2,069,666 1,222,737	\$	409,786 1,688,572 151,129 1,682,705 1,019,184
Detail of Cash: Subtotal, End of Year	\$	5,482,742	\$	4,951,376
Cash Paid for Interest	\$	221,794	\$	234,130
Operating Loss Noncash Items included in Income Prior Period Adjustment	\$	(1,224,434) 616,351	\$	(1,409,832)
Depreciation Expense & Amortization Decrease (Increase) In:		1,210,786		1,188,605
Accounts Receivable Employee Receivable Taxes Receivable Prepaids Materials Inventory Increase (Decrease) In:		30,151 (24,952) 25,404 (32,024) (4,608)		36,269 - - - (711)
Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Payroll Liabilities		(12,365) (547,525) (22,394)		(37,957) - 1,687
Accrued Compensated Absences		(7,253)		(1,127)
Net Cash Provided By Operation	\$	7,137	\$	(223,066)



NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the accounting policies are described below.

A. THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

Pacific City Joint Water-Sanitary Authority (the Authority), is a Municipal Corporation formed by the Tillamook County Board of Commissioners on July 1, 1998, under Oregon Revised Statutes Chapters 450 and 198. The Authority thereupon assumed the fixed assets, liabilities and fund balances of the Pacific City Water District and the Pacific City Sanitary District, both of which were legally and permanently dissolved at midnight on June 30, 1998.

The water system is comprised of approximately 30 miles of waterlines, three reservoirs with a total capacity of one million gallons of storage, a surface water source and six wells for emergency needs. The sewer system is comprised of a wastewater treatment plant that consists of: headworks; blowers; generator; tertiary filtration; and eight concrete holding tanks for flow equalizing, aerating, digesting, clarifying and ultra violet disinfecting. The sewerage collection interceptor system includes approximately 20 miles of sewer line, and nine lift stations.

All of the organizations (a.k.a. component units) for which the Authority is financially accountable have been considered for inclusion in the basic financial statements. Component units as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 61 are separate organizations that are included in the basic financial statements because of the significance of their operational financial relationships with the Authority. Financial accountability may be evidenced by an entity's ability to appoint the voting majority of the governing bodies of the organizations, and is either able to impose its will on those organizations, or there is a potential for the organizations to either provide specific financial benefits or impose specific burdens on the entity, or there is a fiscal dependency or intergovernmental relationship so close that exclusion of those organizations from the basic financial statements of the entity would render them incomplete or misleading. There are no component units.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION - FUND ACCOUNTING

The accounting records are maintained on a fund accounting basis for budgetary and legal purposes. For financial reporting purposes, the financial statements are presented as a single enterprise operation in the Basic financial statements. Financial operations are accounted for in the following budgetary funds:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> — These funds (water and wastewater) account for general operating revenues and expenditures. The funds' principal source of revenue is water and wastewater service user fees and other miscellaneous charges.

<u>Master Plan Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the resources and expenditures related to the Master Plans Fund. The principal source of revenue is Revenue Bonds. This fund was closed effective July 1, 2021 and its fund balance was transferred to the Debt Service Fund

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the resources and expenditures related to payment of the Authority's General Obligation (GO) Bonds. The principal source of revenue is property taxes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION - FUND ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

<u>Water SDC/CIC Reserve Fund</u> – This fund accounts for water system projects and fixed asset purchases funded by system development charges (SDC) and capital improvement charges (CIC).

<u>Sewer SDC/CIC Reserve Fund</u> – This fund accounts for sewer system projects and fixed asset purchases funded by system development charges (SDC) and capital improvement charges (CIC).

C. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide basic financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the "economic resources" measurement focus. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities are reflected within the Statement of Net Position with the equity section representing "total net position".

Governmental fund basic financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. All revenues reported in the governmental funds are considered to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and proceeds from long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Enterprise or proprietary fund basic financial statements distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses that do not meet this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Enterprise activities are also known as business-type activates and are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the "economic resources" measurement focus.

D. BUDGET

A budget is prepared and legally adopted for each fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting in the main program categories required by Oregon Local Budget Law. The budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), except for the following:

- Property taxes receivable are accrued;
- Prepaid items are expensed when used rather than purchased;
- Inventory is expensed when used rather than purchased
- Capital outlay is recorded as expenses;
- Depreciation is not a budgeted expense;
- Interest, principal and bond issue costs on long-term debt are recorded as an expense when paid;

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- Vested compensated absences are recorded as expenses only to the extent they are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources;
- OPEB liabilities are not budgeted as expenses.

D. BUDGET (CONTINUED)

The budget process each fiscal year begins with the establishment of a budget committee. Generally, recommendations are developed through late winter with the budget committee approving the budget in early spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are usually published in early spring with a public hearing being held approximately three weeks later. The Board of Directors may amend the budget prior to adoption – however, budgeted expenditures for each fund may not be increased by more than ten percent (10%) without specific alternative procedures. The budget is adopted and appropriations are made for the new fiscal year no later than June 30th of the preceding fiscal year.

The expenditure budget for the Enterprise Funds (104 Sanitary Sewer) and (105 Water) are appropriated at the following levels:

- Personal Services
- Materials and Services
- Interfund Transfers
- Contingency

The expenditure for the Master Plans Fund (002) is appropriated at the following

- Material & Services
- Capital Outlay
- Debt Service

The expenditure budget for the Bonded Debt Fund (003) is appropriated at the following level:

Debt Service: principal; interest; fees

The expenditure budgets for the Capital Funds 004 (Sanitary Sewer) and 005 (Water) are appropriated at the following levels:

- Debt Service
- Materials & Services
- Capital Outlay

Expenditures of the various funds were within authorized appropriations.

E. PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

Ad valorem property taxes are levied and become a lien on all taxable property as of July 1. Property taxes are payable on November 15. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

Uncollected property taxes are shown in the Statement of Net Position. Uncollected taxes are deemed by management to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens; therefore, no allowance for uncollectible taxes has been established.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. INVENTORIES AND PREPAID EXPENSES

Inventories consisting of operating materials and supplies are reported at cost using the weighted average costpricing method, and increased when purchases are made and reduced when used for operations.

Prepaid expenses consist of business insurance policies with coverage dates that span multiple fiscal years.

G. CAPITAL ASSETS

Purchased capital assets are stated at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Replacements that improve or extend the lives of property are capitalized. Donated capital assets are stated at estimated fair value at the date of donation. Gains or losses realized from the sale of fixed assets are reflected in the statement of operations. Capital assets are defined as all individually purchased items and rehabilitation projects with an initial cost of \$10,000 or more, and an estimated useful life greater than one year. Depreciation of fixed assets has been recognized and reflected in the basic financial statements and is calculated using the straight-line method based upon the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Utility Plant and Systems 33 to 50 years
Operations Equipment 5 to 10 years
Office Equipment 3 to 5 years

H. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Accumulated employee vacation leave is recorded as a liability and as an expense as the benefits accrue. Sick pay benefits are not recorded in the basic financial statements since they are not paid upon termination (non-vesting).

I. RETIREMENT PLANS

Employees participate in an IRC section 457 deferred compensation plan. Contributions to the plan are made on a current basis as required by the plan and are charged to expense as incurred. This is more fully discussed in Note 5.

J. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased and all amounts in pooled accounts are considered to be cash equivalents.

The cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

K. ESTIMATES

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Enterprise, or proprietary, funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund are water and sewer service user fees and miscellaneous charges. Water and sewer service revenues are recorded when the monthly utility billings are generated.

Operating expenses for the enterprise fund, which includes the cost of sales and services and administrative expenses, are recorded when expenditures are made. Depreciation of capital assets is recorded at the end of each fiscal year as an operating expense. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

M. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Certain assets have been restricted for specified purposes as required by Oregon Revised Statutes or bond indentures.

N. FAIR VALUE INPUTS AND METHODOLOGIES AND HIERARCHY

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair values, as follows:

<u>Level 1</u> – unadjusted price quotations in active markets/exchanges for identical assets or liabilities that each Fund has the ability to access

<u>Level 2</u> – other observable inputs (including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market-corroborated inputs)

<u>Level 3</u> – unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available (including each Fund's own assumptions used in determining the fair value of investments)

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the fair value hierarchy classification is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The cash management policies are governed by state statutes. Statutes authorized investments in bankers acceptances, time certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities, and the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool.

Cash and Investments (at fair value) at June 30, 2022 and 2021 consisted of:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	2022		2022 20		2021
Petty Cash	\$	300	\$	300	
Demand Deposits		980,770		207,530	
Investments		4,501,672	-	4,743,546	
Total Cash & Investments	\$	5,482,742	\$	4,951,376	
Reported on Statement of Net Position as:					
Current Cash and Equivalents	\$	382,189	\$	409,786	
Restricted Master Plan Fund		-		1,688,572	
Restricted Debt Service Cash		1,808,150		151,129	
Restricted Water SDC/CIC Cash		2,069,666		1,682,705	
Restricted Sewer SDC/CIC Cash		1,222,737		1,019,184	
Total Cash & Investments	\$	5,482,742	\$	4,951,376	

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Deposits with financial institutions include bank demand deposits and certificates of deposit. Oregon Revised Statutes require deposits to be adequately covered by federal depository insurance or deposited at an approved depository as identified by the Treasury.

Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, deposits may not be returned. The total bank balance per the bank statements as of June 30, 2022 is \$1,057,425, of which \$250,006 was covered by federal depository insurance, and the remainder was collateralized by the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP).

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a counterparty, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its deposits that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2022, there was no exposure to custodial credit risk.

INVESTMENTS:

Investments are categorized as follows: (1) Insured or for which securities are held by us or our agent, (2) Uninsured for which the securities are held by the bank's trust department or agent in our name or (3) Uninsured for which securities are held by the bank in the bank or by its agent. The investments at year-end could not be placed in one of the three categories.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool, and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The portfolio guidelines permit securities lending transactions as well as investments in repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements. The fund's compliance with all portfolio guidelines can be found in their annual report when issued. The LGIP seeks to exchange shares at \$1.00 per share; an investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool.

The pool is comprised of a variety of investments. These investments are characterized as a level 2 fair value measurement in the Oregon Short Term Fund's audited financial report. As of June 30, 2022, the fair value of the position in the LGIP is 98.98% of the value of the pool shares as reported in the Oregon Short Term Fund audited financial statements. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required to be collateralized. The Authority booked a fair market value loss of \$46,390, for the difference between the pool fair market value and the book value. The audited financial reports of the Oregon Short Term Fund can be found at:

http://www.oregon.gov/treasury/Divisions/Investment/Pages/Oregon-Short-Term-Fund-(OSTF).aspx

If the link has expired please contact the Oregon Short Term Fund directly.

	 2022	2021
Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government		
Investment Pool, Variable Interest Rate	\$ 4,501,672	\$ 4,743,546

Interest Rate Risk - Investments

Oregon Revised Statutes require investments to not exceed a maturity of 18 months, except when the local government has adopted a written investment policy that was submitted to and reviewed by the OSTFB. There are no investments held that have a maturity date beyond 3 months.

Credit Risk - Investments

Oregon Revised Statutes do not limit investments as to credit rating for securities purchased from US Government Agencies or USGSE. The State Investment Pool is not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2022, all of the investments were in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. State statutes do not limit the percentage of investments in this instrument.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

<u>Utility Billing (UB) Accounts Receivable</u> represents earned but uncollected user fees and charges. Delinquent UB receivables follow the property to which the service was provided. Renters or lessees are not billed for services, only the property owners. If any UB account is not paid within a 30-day period from the time the notice of delinquency is issued by office staff, a \$100 lock-off fee is assessed against the delinquent account and the water meter is turned off and padlocked until the account balance is paid in full. Therefore, management has not established an allowance for bad debts.

<u>Employee Receivable</u> represents benefits provided to employees which must be refunded or repaid back to the Authority.

4. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The changes in Capital Assets for the year ended June 30, 2022 are summarized below:

	 Balance 7/1/2021		 Adjustments	Additions	(Deletions)	 Balance 6/30/2022
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated						
Land & Land Improvements	\$ 304,404		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 304,404
Construction in Process	-		 	 153,765	 -	153,765
Total Capital Assets Not Depreciated	 304,404	_ :	 -	 153,765	-	458,169
Capital Assets Being Depreciated						
Vehicles and Equipment	1,033,863		7,314	271,564	(47,713)	1,265,028
Buildings & Improvements	378,696		-	90,569	-	469,265
Water Distribution Systems	14,499,048	#	-	-	-	14,499,048
WW Treatment & Collections Systems	22,329,737		-	44,933	-	22,374,670
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	38,241,344		 7,314	 407,066	 (47,713)	38,608,011
Accumulated Depreciation						
Vehicles and Equipment	954,101		828	63,863	(47,713)	971,079
Buildings & Improvements	158,921		(5,442)	15,643	-	169,122
Water Distribution Systems	7,896,073		-	471,848	-	8,367,921
WW Treatment & Collections Systems	7,754,796		-	664,046	-	8,418,842
Total Accumulated Depreciation	16,763,891		 (4,614)	 1,215,400	(47,713)	 17,926,964
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 21,781,857					\$ 21,139,216

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The changes in Capital Assets for the year ended June 30, 2021 are summarized below:

	Balance 7/1/2020	Adjustments	Additions	(1)	Deletions)	Balance 6/30/2021
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated						
Land & Land Improvements	\$ 304,404	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 304,404
Construction in Process	 9,547,315	(9,547,315)				-
Total Capital Assets Not Depreciated	 9,851,719	 (9,547,315)	 		-	304,404
Capital Assets Being Depreciated						
Vehicles and Equipment	994,593	-	46,270		(7,000)	1,033,863
Buildings & Improvements	342,303	-	36,393			378,696
Water Distribution Systems	14,144,443	-	354,605		-	14,499,048
WW Treatment & Collections Systems	12,324,291	9,547,315	458,131		-	22,329,737
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	 27,805,630	9,547,315	 895,399		(7,000)	 38,241,344
Accumulated Depreciation						
Vehicles and Equipment	919,516	-	41,585		(7,000)	954,101
Buildings & Improvements	146,297	-	12,624		-	158,921
Water Distribution Systems	7,424,225	-	471,848		-	7,896,073
WW Treatment & Collections Systems	7,092,248	-	662,548		-	7,754,796
Total Accumulated Depreciation	 15,582,286	 -	 1,188,605		(7,000)	 16,763,891
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 22,075,063					 21,781,857

5. DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The Authority does not participate the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Fund, which is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). In lieu, a deferred compensation plan has been made available to employees wherein they may execute an individual agreement for amounts earned by them to not be paid until a future date when certain circumstances are met. Additionally, employee contributions are matched up to 10% of their budgeted salary per year, Manager's contributions are matched up to 14.5% of their budgeted salary per year. The circumstances for withdrawal of contributions are: death, disability, resignation or retirement. Payment to the employee will be made over a period not to exceed 15 years. The deferred compensation plan is one which is authorized under IRC Section 457 and has been approved in its specifics by a private ruling from the Internal Revenue Service. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan are held in trust by a separate plan administrator for the sole benefit of the participants. Therefore, these funds are not reflected in the financial statements. The contributions to the plan for the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 were \$58,881, \$44,631, and \$34,668, respectively, and were equal to the required contributions for each year for the District.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (HEALTH CARE)

Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

Plan Description:

The Authority maintains a single employer retiree benefit plan that provides post-employment health, dental, vision and life insurance benefits to eligible employees and their spouses. There are active and retired members in the plan. Benefits and eligibility for members are established through the collective bargaining agreements. The plan does not issue separate basic financial statements.

The Authority's post-retirement healthcare plan was established in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 243.303. ORS stipulated that for the purpose of establishing healthcare premiums, the rate must be based on all plan members, including both active employees and retirees. The difference between retiree claims cost, which because of the effect of age is generally higher in comparison to all plan members, and the amount of retiree healthcare premiums represents the District's implicit employer contribution.

The Authority reports Other Postemployment Benefits under GASB Statement No. 75. This allows the Authority to report its liability for other post-employment benefits consistent with established generally accepted accounting principles and to reflect an actuarially determined liability for the present value of projected future benefits for retired and active employees on the basic financial statements.

Annual OPEB Cost and Total OPEB Liability – The annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the Total OPEB Liability, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 75. For detailed information and a table showing the components of the Authority's annual OPEB costs and liabilities, see page 22.

Total Other Post Employment Benefit Liability

The Authority's total pension liability and total other post-employment benefits were determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019 and measured as of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021 as well as an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021 and measured as of June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2023.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - The total other post-employment benefit liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and was then projected forward/backward to the measurement date. Discount Rate 3.5%, Inflation 2.40%, Salary Increases 3.4%, and Actuarial Cost Method is Entry Age Normal Level Percent of Pay. The annual premium increase was assumed to fluctuate between 5% to 6.6% until 2038 in accordance with the Society of Actuaries – Getzen Long Term Healthcare Trends Resource Model, updated 2017. Mortality rates are based on RP 2014, Employee/Healthy Annuitant, sex distinct, generational. Turnover, Disability and Retirement rate assumptions are based off the valuation of benefits under Oregon PERS.

The total other post-employment benefit liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and was then projected forward/backward to the measurement date. Discount Rate 3.5%, Inflation 2.50%, Salary Increases 3.5%, and Actuarial Cost Method is Entry Age Normal Level Percent of Pay. The annual premium increase was assumed to fluctuate between 5% to 6.6% until 2038 in accordance with the Society of Actuaries – Getzen Long Term Healthcare Trends Resource Model, updated 2017. Mortality rates are based on RP 2014, Employee/Healthy Annuitant, sex distinct, generational. Turnover, Disability and Retirement rate assumptions are based off the valuation of benefits under Oregon PERS.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (HEALTH CARE) (CONTINUED)

Changes since Prior Valuation

Discount rates were updated to reflect the requirement of GASB 75 as well as economic conditions as of the measurement dates. Expected Claims and Premiums were updated to reflect changes in available benefits and premium levels. Expected retiree and dependent costs were updated to reflect current health cost guidelines. Health care cost trends were revised to reflect recent economic conditions, and is based on a model circulated by the Society of Actuaries. Mortality, retirement, and withdrawal rates were updated to reflect assumptions used in the Oregon PERS December 31, 2020 Actuarial Valuation. General inflation and annual salary increases were updated to reflect assumptions used in the Oregon December 31, 2020 Actuarial Valuation.

Changes in the Net Other Post-Employment Benefit Liability

		pe (Decrease) PEB Liability
Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$	15,316
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		1,714
Interest on total OPEB liability		589
Effect of changes to benefit terms		-
Effect of economic/demographic gain or losse	•	-
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		842
Benefit payments		(386)
Balance as of June 30, 2021		18,075
	Increas	se (Decrease)
		PEB Liability
	w	
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$	18,075
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		2,017
Interest on total OPEB liability		429
Effect of changes to benefit terms		-
Effect of economic/demographic gain or losse	:1	29,855
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		24,441
Benefit payments		(1,363)
Balance as of June 30, 2022		73,454

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (HEALTH CARE) (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Total Post-Employment Benefit Liability to changes in the discount and trend rates

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the plan, calculated using the discount rate as of the measurement date, as well as what the Plan's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate. A similar sensitivity analysis is then presented for changes in the healthcare cost trend assumption:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
Total OPEB Liability, as of June 30, 2021	18,981	18,075	17,191
Total OPEB Liability, as of June 30, 2022	75,776	73,454	71,280
	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Trend Rate	Increase
Total OPEB Liability, as of June 30, 2021	16,596	18,075	19,775
Total OPEB Liability, as of June 30, 2022	70,734	73,454	76,713

As of June 30, 2021 Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Benefits will be as follows:

	Deferred Inflows	Deferred (Outflows
	of Resources	 of Resc	ources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	-
Changes of assumptions or inputs	-		957
Subtotal amortized deferral	•		957
Benefit payments	-		1,363
Deferred (inflow) outflow of resources	\$ -	\$	2,320

The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Subtotal amounts related to OPEB as deferred outflows of resources, \$2,320, and deferred inflows of resources (\$0) net to \$2,320, and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

An	Amount			
\$	142			
	142			
	142			
	142			
	142			
	247			
\$	957			
	\$			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (HEALTH CARE) (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2022 Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Benefits will be as follows:

	Deferred Inflov of Resources	VS	Deferred of Reso	
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	\$	26,383
Changes of assumptions or inputs				22,414
Subtotal amortized deferral		_		48,797
Benefit payments		-		29,760
Deferred (inflow) outflow of resources	\$	_	\$	78,557

The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Subtotal amounts related to OPEB as deferred outflows of resources, \$78,557, and deferred inflows of resources (\$0) net to \$78,557, and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Amount		
2023	\$	6,456	
2024		6,456	
2025		6,456	
2026		6,456	
2027		6,456	
Thereafter		16,517	
Total	\$	48,797	

As of the July 1, 2021 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Number of Members

Active	8
Retired	2
Total	10

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In 2017, the Authority refinanced General Obligation Bonds issued in 2007 with a new General Obligation Bond of \$3,324,464, with interest of 2.10%. The Bond will mature in 2027.

On June 21, 2019, the Authority took on debt in the form of a Revenue Bond Payable to the Rural Development United States Department of Agriculture (RDUSDA) for \$8,710,000 with interest of 2.12% for Waste Water Improvement Construction. This Bond will mature in 2049.

On January 1, 2014, the Authority secured a loan in the amount of \$500,935 from the TLC Federal Credit Union with an interest rate of 1.75% and a term of 10 years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

A significant provision and/or assets pledged applicable to the Wastewater Revenue Bond is noted in the following: All funds in the account will be secured by a collateral pledge equaling at least 100% of the highest amount of funds expected to be deposited in the Construction Account at any one time. That upon default in the payments of any principal and accrued interest on the bonds or in the performance of any covenant or agreement contained herein or in the instruments incident to making or insuring the loan, the Government at its option may (a) declare the entire principal amount then outstanding and accrued interest immediately due and payable, (b) for the account of the Association (payable from the source of funds pledged to pay the bonds or any other legally permissible source), incur and pay reasonable expenses for repair, maintenance, and operation of the facility and such other reasonable expenses as may be necessary to cure the cause of default, and/or (c) take possession of the facility, repair, maintain, and operate or rent It. Default under the provisions of this resolution or any instrument incident to the making or insuring of the loan may be construed by the Government to constitute default under any other instrument held by the Government and executed or assumed by the Association, and default under any such instrument may be construed by the Government to constitute default hereunder.

The RDUSDA loan required an annual deposit to a debt service reserve of \$39,570 for the first ten years of the loan term or until the debt service reserve for the loan equals \$395,696. As of June 30, 2022 the debt service reserve for the loan was fully funded. The loan's debt service reserve is for emergencies and is not to be used without prior approval from the RDUSDA. The loan's debt service reserve balance is included in the amount presented as Restricted Assets - Cash and Investments of the Debt Service Fund on the Statement of Net Position.

The RDUSDA loan also requires a short-lived asset reserve that is funded by wastewater program operating revenues which are derived from user rates. The RDUSDA requires funding the reserve with an annual deposit of \$89,609 to the reserve. For the year ended June 30, 2022 the Wastewater Enterprise Fund's net operating revenues were not sufficient to make the required deposit as evidenced by no transfer from the operating fund to the Sewer SDC/CIC Fund. The short-lived asset reserve funds may be used without prior approval from the RDUSDA as long as it is spent on wastewater assets that need to be replaced or repaired. During the year ended June 30, 2022 there was \$36,132 spent on short-lived assets. As of June 30, 2022 the short-lived asset reserve balance was \$151,525. The loan's short-lived asset replacement reserve is included in the amount presented as Restricted Assets - Cash and Investments of the Sewer SDC/CIC Reserve Fund on the Statement of Net Position.

General Obligation Bonds and Loans:

	Interest	Original	Outstanding		Matured and	Outstanding
Issue Date	Rates	Issue	7/1/21	Issued	Redeemed	6/30/22
GO Refund Bond 2017	2.10%	3,324,464	2,080,515	-	330,928	1,749,587
TLC Credit Union Note 2014	1.75%	500,935	155,854		52,719	103,135
Subtotal			2,236,369	-	383,647	1,852,722
USDA Loan						
Wastewater Revenue Bond	2.12%	8,710,000	8,284,826	-	219,643	8,065,183
			\$10,521,195	\$ -	\$ 603,290	\$ 9,917,905
				Issue Date		Due Within One Year
				GO Refund Bor		332,998
				TLC Credit Uni	on Note 2014	53,648
				Subtotal		386,646
				USDA Loan		
				Wastewater	Revenue Bond	224,311
						\$ 610,957

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Principal and Interest Streams for Long-Term Obligations:

For the Fiscal			
Year Ended			
June:	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	610,957	209,511	820,468
2024	622,259	197,264	819,523
2025	583,514	184,281	767,795
2026	598,306	171,969	770,275
2027	607,445	159,345	766,790
2026-2031	1,299,150	679,330	1,978,480
2032-2036	1,443,672	534,808	1,978,480
2037-2041	1,603,788	374,692	1,978,480
2042-2046	1,781,667	196,813	1,978,480
2047-2049	767,147	24,588	791,735
Total	\$ 9,917,905	\$2,732,601	\$12,650,506

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

There is exposure to various risks of loss during the usual course of business. To mitigate the risk of loss, insurance policies have been purchased from Special Districts Association of Oregon, Old Republic Surety, and Inland Marine. There have been no significant changes in coverage nor have any settlements exceeded insurance coverage in the past three fiscal years.

9. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Activity for compensated absences, all of which are considered due within one year, for the year ended June 30, 2022 as follows:

Balance July 1, 2021 Additions Deletions	\$ 42,337 37,060 (44,313)
Balance June 30, 2022	\$ 35,084

Activity for compensated absences, all of which are considered due within one year, for the year ended June 30, 2021 as follows:

Balance July 1, 2020 Additions Deletions	\$ 43,464 42,696 (43,823)
Balance June 30, 2021	\$ 42,337

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has caused substantial disruption to business and local governments due to mandated and voluntary suspension of operations and stay at home orders. There is considerable uncertainty around the duration of the outbreak and the long-term impact to the overall economy. The ultimate impact on the Authority's finances is not determinable.

11. TAX ABATEMENTS

As of June 30, 2022, the Authority potentially had tax abatements through various state allowed programs that impacted levied taxes. Based on the information available from the county as of the date of issuance of these basic financial statements, there were no material abatements disclosed by the county for the year ended June 30, 2022 for any program covered under GASB 77.

12. RESTATEMENT

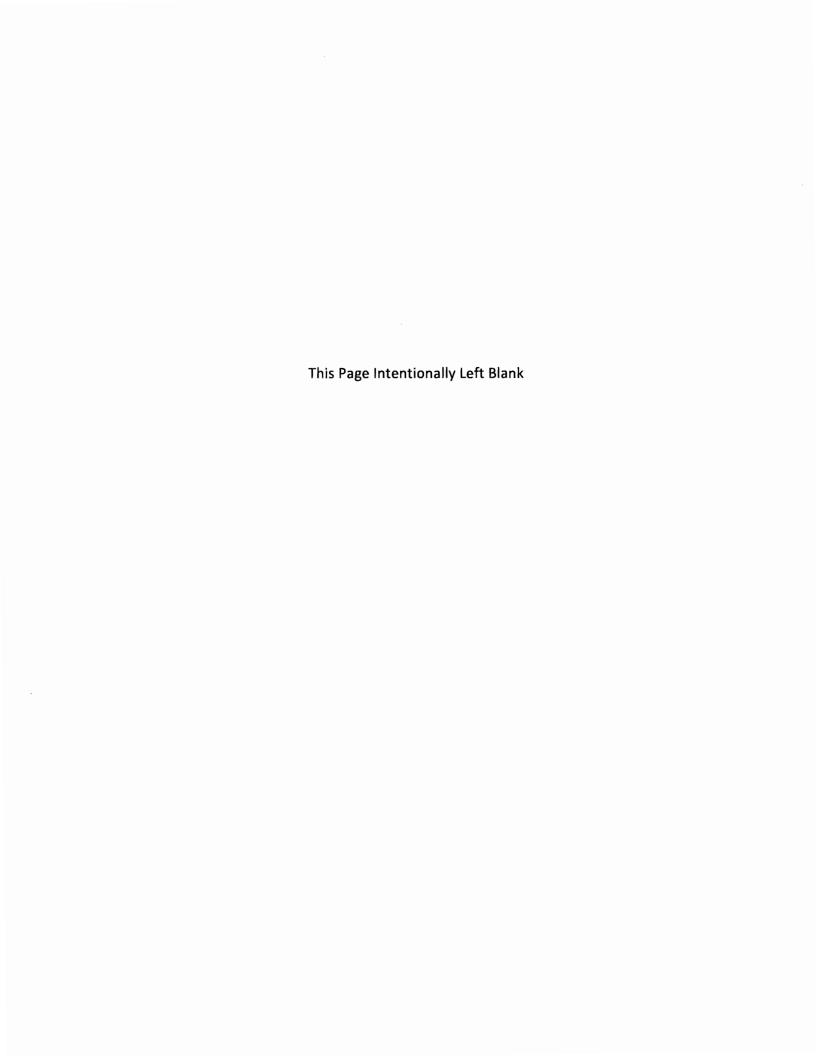
A prior period adjustment was recorded in the budgetary statements to correct beginning fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Beginning Fund Balance - Beginning as previously reported	\$ 4,567,900
Water Enterprise Fund	50,877
Wastewater Enterprise Fund	41,993
Debt Service Fund	 523,481
Ending Fund Balance - Beginning as restated	\$ 5,184,251

This prior period adjustment resulted in a \$616,351 increase to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance as well as the Actual and Budget basic financial statements. This prior period adjustment also resulted in a \$616,351 increase to the Statements of Net Position and Statements of Activities.

Net Position - Beginning as previously reported	\$ 15,831,316
To correct retainage payable, property tax receivable,	
and prepaid expense for the year ended June 30, 2021	616,351
Net Position - Beginning as restated	\$ 16,447,667

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



PACIFIC CITY JOINT WATER-SANITARY AUTHORITY

$\frac{\text{TILLAMOOK COUNTY, OR}}{\text{SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS}}$ OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

June 30, 2022

OPEB: (HEALTH INSURANCE) SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

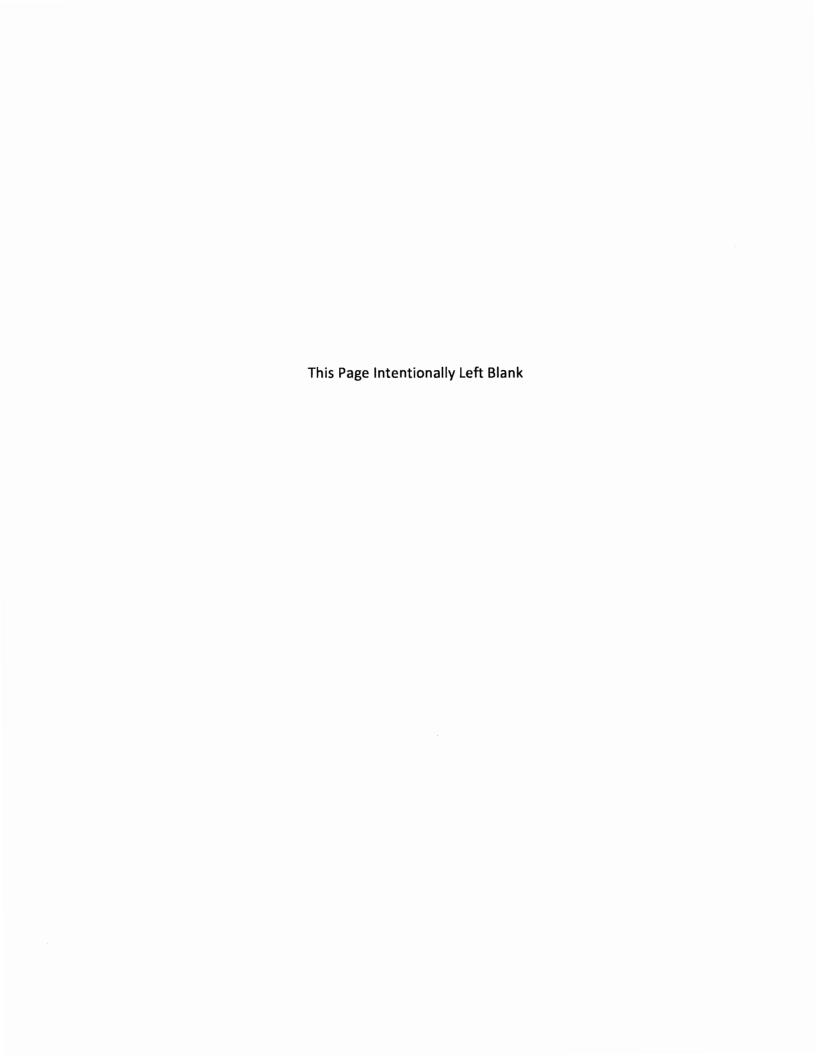
Year Ended June, 30	PEB Liability Beginning of Year	_	Total Other Changes	_	Benefit Payments				OPEB Liability End of Year	Estimated Covered Payroll		Net OPEB Liability as a % of Covered Payrol	<u>.1</u>
2022 2021 2020	\$ 18,075 15,316 13,288	\$	56,742 3,145 2,394	\$	(1,363) (386) (366)	\$	73,454 18,075 15,316	\$ N/A N/A N/A	*	N/A N/A N/A	*		

Other Changes for the Year

Year Ended June, 30	*****	Service Cost	Liability Interest	_1	Changes of Benefit Terms	Differences xpected vs. Actual	Ą	Changes of ssumptions	_	Total Other Changes
2022 2021 2020	\$	2,017 1,714 1,533	\$ 429 589 567	\$	-	\$ 29,855	\$	24,441 842 294	\$	56,742 3,145 2,394

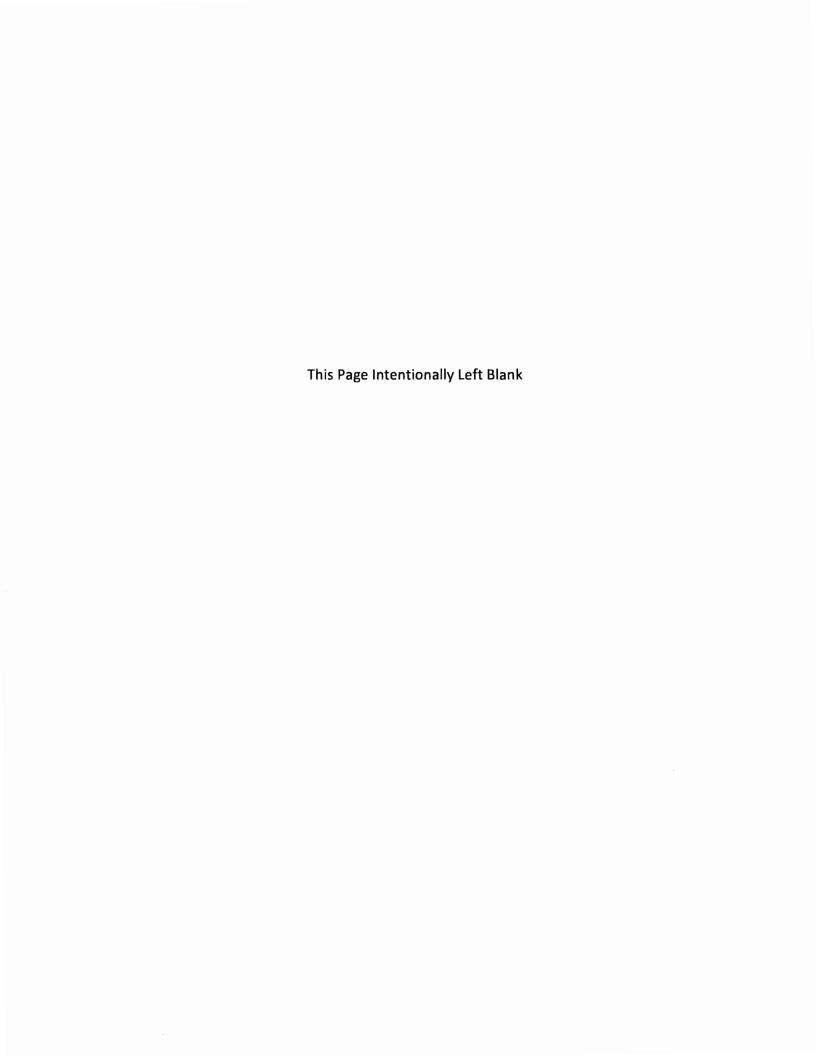
The above table presents the most recent calculation of the post-retirement health insurance under GASB 75 and it provides information about the total plan unfunded liability. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

^{*} Information not available



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(Individual Fund and Other Financial Schedules)

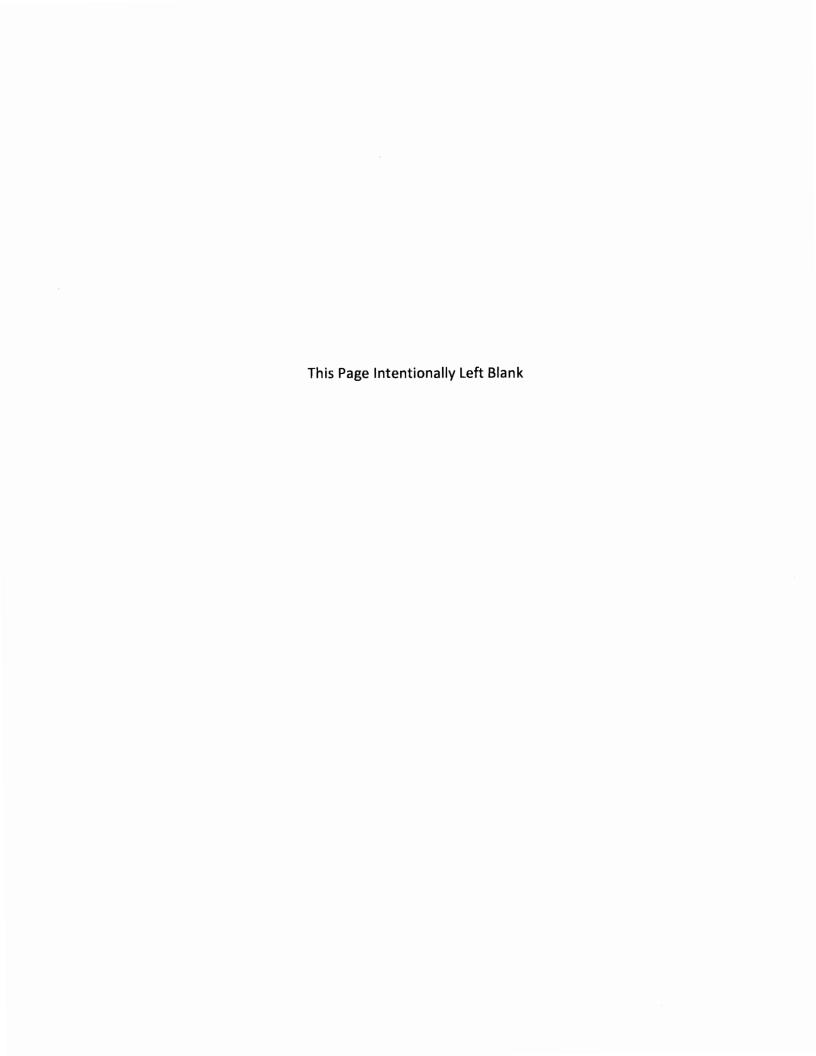


COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ALL FUNDS (BUDGETARY BASIS) June 30, 2022

				Ju	ne 30, 2022						
	EN	WATER FERPRISE FUND		STEWATER STERPRISE FUND	MASTER PLAN FUND		DEBT SERVICE FUND	WATER SDC/CIC RESERVE FUND	SEWER SDC/CIC RESERVE FUND		TOTAL
ASSETS: Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Employee Receivable Taxes Receivable Prepaid	\$	121,392 53,568 12,476 - 16,012	\$	260,797 60,552 12,476 - 16,012	\$ - - - -	\$	1,808,150 28,664 - 14,167	\$ 2,069,666 4,259 -	\$ 1,222,737 6,902 -		5,482,742 153,945 24,952 14,167 32,024
Inventory Total Assets	 \$	37,505 240,953	s	27,949 377,786	<u>-</u> \$ -	 \$	1,850,981	\$ 2,073,925	\$ 1,229,639	\$	5,773,284
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable	\$	19,759	\$	8,721	\$ -	\$	13	\$ 10,695	\$ 6,529	\$	45,717
Total Liabilities		19,759		8,721	_		13	10,695	6,529		45,717
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted for Debt Service Restricted for Capital Projects Unassigned		37,505 - - 183,689		27,949 - - 341,116	- - -		1,850,968	2,063,230	1,223,110		65,454 1,850,968 3,286,340 524,805
Total Fund Balance		221,194		369,065	_		1,850,968	2,063,230	1,223,110	-	5,727,567
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$	240,953	\$	377,786	\$ -		1,850,981	\$ 2,073,925	\$ 1,229,639	\$	5,773,284
					Reconciliation (Fu	nd Balances	Above		\$	5,727,567
							Accrued Con Bond Payabl	npensated Absen e & Line of Cred n Insurance Liabi	it		(35,084) (9,917,905) (73,454)
							Net Capital A	Assets lfow - OPEB He	ealth Insurance		21,139,216 78,557
						То	tal Net Positi	on		\$	16,918,897

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -ALL FUNDS (BUDGETARY BASIS) For the year ended June 30, 2022

				For the	year ended June 3	0, 20	22					
	ENT	VATER TERPRISE FUND	ERPRISE ENTERPRISE		R MASTER PLAN FUND		DEBT SERVICE FUND		WATER SDC/CIC RESERVE FUND		SEWER SDC/CIC RESERVE FUND	TOTAL
DEVENIUE		/5 7 7 30		540.0 0 5		•	7 22 102	•	745.246	•	514 010	0 2 402 040
REVENUES:		657,732	\$	749,827	<u>s</u> -		733,123	_\$_	745,346		516,812	\$ 3,402,840
EXPENDITURES:												
Personnel Services		424,716		477,207	-		-		-		-	901,923
Materials and Services		258,128		267,889			-		2,223		36,132	564,372
Capital Outlay		-		-	-		-		351,747		216,398	568,145
Debt Service					-		770,050				55,034	825,084
Total Expenditures		682,844		745,096	-		770,050		353,970		307,564	2,859,524
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures		(25,112)		4,731			(36,927)		391,376		209,248	543,316
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer In Transfer Out	aran and	-		-	(1,173,714)		1,173,714		-		-	1,173,714 (1,173,714)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(25,112)		4,731	(1,173,714)		1,136,787		391,376		209,248	543,316
Beginning Fund Balance (restated)		246,306		364,334	1,173,714		714,181		1,671,854		1,013,862	5,184,251
Ending Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	221,194	\$	369,065	\$ -	_\$_	1,850,968	\$	2,063,230	\$	1,223,110	\$ 5,727,567
					Reconciliation to C Change in Fund E Plus:			tion:				\$ 543,316
					Long-Term l	npen: Debt l	sated Absence			ows		568,145 7,253 603,290 20,858
		Less: Depreciation (Net) Inventory Adjustment					(1,210,786)					
					Change in Net Po	sition						\$ 471,230



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) For the year ended June 30, 2022

WATER ENTERPRISE FUND

			IIIIII	TENT MIDE I C	71 112			
		RIGINAL UDGET		FINAL SUDGET	-	ACTUAL	T	ARIANCE O FINAL SUDGET
REVENUES:								
	\$	644,000	\$	644,000	\$	637,296	\$	(6,704)
User Fees - Water	3		3		3		J	
Streetlight Assessments		8,000		8,000		7,807		(193)
Miscellaneous/Lab Charges		5,000		5,000		6,220		1,220
Service Mapping		1,200		1,200		1,875		675
Fire Hydrant/Water		1,000		1,000		1,208		208
Reimbursements		4,500		4,500		2,559		(1,941)
Customer Assistance Program		2,000		2,000		-		(2,000)
Earnings on Investments		2,000		2,000		767		(1,233)
Total Revenues	•***	667,700		667,700		657,732		(9,968)
EXPENDITURES:								
Personnel Services:								
Authority Manager		70,000		70,000		66,635		3,365
Executive Assistant		28,500		28,500		36,991		(8,491)
Office Assistant		17,500		17,500		19,069		(1,569)
Operations Supervisor		,		,000		19,226		(19,226)
Assistant Manager		37,500		37,500		.,		37,500
Operator III		22,000		22,000		16,986		5,014
Operator II		50,000		50,000		23,740		26,260
-		11,000		11,000		24,481		(13,481)
Operator I OIT		65,000		65,000		71,391		(6,391)
Overtime Allowance						4,675		5,325
		10,000		10,000 4,500		4,334		166
On Call Pay		4,500						(692)
Payroll Taxes		25,000		25,000		25,692		(092)
Medical Insurance		90,000		90,000		93,782		(3,782)
Workers Compensation		10,000		10,000		2,128		7,872
Deferred Compensation	•	20,000		20,000		15,586		4,414
Total Personnel Services		461,000		461,000	(1)	424,716		36,284
Materials and Services:								
Accounting/Auditing		12,500		12,500		7,425		5,075
Advertising		1,500		1,500		803		697
Administrative Meetings		1,000		1,000		•		1,000
Contract Services		20,000		20,000		20,639		(639)
Bank Expense		5,500		5,500		6,525		(1,025)
Bond Expense		400		400		-		400
Director Fees/Training		3,000		3,000		1,948		1,052
Dues & Subscriptions		10,000		10,000		2,878		7,122
Employee Training		10,000		10,000		2,383		7,617
Elections		1,000		1,000		104		896
Electricity		35,000		35,000		30,769		4,231
Streetlights electricity		7,500		7,500		7,658		(158)
Insurance		30,000		30,000		31,743		(1,743)
Legal Fees		15,000		15,000		14,446		554
Miscellaneous		2,000		2,000		646		1,354
Newsletter		600		600		-		600
Office Equipment R & M		7,500		7,500		7,699		(199)
Office Expense		3,000		3,000		1,626		1,374
Postage/Freight		1,500		1,500		1,484		16

(1) Appropriation level

Continued on page 25b

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) For the year ended June 30, 2022

	ORIGINAL BUDGET		 FINAL BUDGET		A	CTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET		
EXPENDITURES (CONT.):									
Materials and Services (Cont.):									
Telephone	\$	9,000	\$ 9,000		\$	9,519	\$	(519)	
Uniforms		3,000	3,000			1,076		1,924	
Water Telemetry System		1,000	1,000			2,971		(1,971)	
Monitoring		3,000	3,000			2,189		811	
Lab Supplies		1,000	1,000			146		854	
Chemicals		32,800	32,800			26,130		6,670	
Testing		6,000	6,000			3,156		2,844	
Solid Waste Disposal		1,000	1,000			730		270	
Water District/Trans R & M		30,000	30,000			24,096		5,904	
Backflow Prevention		5,000	5,000			2,613		2,387	
Water Pumping R & M		5,000	5,000			-		5,000	
Water Treatment R & M		20,000	20,000			10,298		9,702	
Water Conservation		1,500	1,500			2,450		(950)	
Horn Creek Lease		7,500	7,500			7,000		500	
Building R & M		10,000	10,000			7,784		2,216	
Grounds R & M		7,000	7,000			2,638		4,362	
Generator R & M		8,000	8,000			6,435		1,565	
Backhoe R & M		3,000	3,000			-		3,000	
Transportation		7,500	7,500			10,121		(2,621)	
Community Events		1,000	1,000			-		1,000	
Customer Assist Pymt Program		2,000	 2,000			-		2,000	
Total Materials and Services		331,300	 331,300	(1)		258,128		73,172	
Operating Contingency		40,000	 40,000	(1)				40,000	
Total Expenditures		832,300	 832,300			682,844		149,456	
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures		(164,600)	(164,600)			(25,112)		139,488	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers Out		(27,000)	 (27,000)	(1)		_		27,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(191,600)	(191,600)			(25,112)		166,488	
Beginning Fund Balance (restated)		191,600	 191,600			246,306	-	54,706	
Ending Fund Balance	\$		\$ _		\$	221,194	\$	221,194	

(1) Appropriation level

Continued from page 25a

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS)

For the year ended June 30, 2022

WASTEWATER ENTERPRISE FUND

	RIGINAL UDGET	FINAL SUDGET	-	ACTUAL	TO	ARIANCE D FINAL UDGET
REVENUES:						
User Fees - Sewer	\$ 725,000	\$ 725,000	\$	742,915	\$	17,915
Lab Testing	500	500		1,120		620
Miscellaneous Charges	1,000	1,000		<u>.</u>		(1,000)
Service Mapping	900	900		1,800		900
Contract Sludge Hauling	500	500		2.550		(500)
Reimbursements	1,000	1,000		2,559		1,559
Inspections	1,000	1,000		2,500		1,500
Customer Assistance Program	2,000	2,000		(1.067)		(2,000)
Earnings on Investments	 2,000	 2,000		(1,067)		(3,067)
Total Revenues	 733,900	 733,900		749,827		15,927
EXPENDITURES:						
Personnel Services:						
Authority Manager	70,000	70,000		66,635		3,365
Executive Assistant	28,500	28,500		37,035		(8,535)
Office Assistant	17,500	17,500		19,082		(1,582)
Operations Supervisor	-	-		19,226		(19,226)
Assistant Manager	37,500	37,500		-		37,500
Operator II1	55,000	55,000		42,210		12,790
Operator II	25,000	25,000		14,945		10,055
Operator I	35,000	35,000		46,747		(11,747)
OIT	80,000	80,000		68,446		11,554
Overtime Allowance	10,000	10,000		2,856		7,144
On Call Pay	4,500	4,500		4,334		166
Payroll Taxes	30,000	30,000		28,739		1,261
Medical Insurance	110,000	110,000		108,285		1,715
Workers Compensation	10,000	10,000		2,128		7,872
Deferred Compensation	 20,000	 20,000		16,539		3,461
Total Personnel Services	 533,000	 533,000	(1)	477,207		55,793
Materials and Services:						
Access Fees	1,000	1,000				1,000
Accounting/Auditing	12,500	12,500		7,425		5,075
Advertising	6,000	6,000		803		5,197
Administrative Meetings	1,000	1,000		-		1,000
Contract Services	18,000	18,000		18,034		(34)
Bank/Bond Expense	6,400	6,400		6,525		(125)
Director Fees/Training	3,000	3,000		1,948		1,052
Dues & Subscriptions	3,000	3,000		700		2,300
Employee Training	15,000	15,000		3,515		11,485
Elections	1,000	1,000		104		896
Electricity	45,000	45,000		47,491		(2,491)
Insurance	40,000	40,000		31,743		8,257
Legal Fees	10,000	10,000		1,934		8,066
Miscellaneous	5,000	5,000		1,029		3,971
Newsletter	600	600		7.525		600
Office Equipment R & M	7,000	7,000		7,535		(535)
Office Supplies	3,000	3,000		1,673		1,327
Postage/Freight	1,500	1,500		1,550		(50)

(1) Appropriation level

Continued on page 26b

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS)

For the year ended June 30, 2022

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET
EXPENDITURES (CONT.):				
Materials and Services (Cont.):				
Telephone	\$ 9,000	\$ 9,000	\$ 8,632	\$ 368
Uniforms	3,000	3,000	1,076	1,924
Wastewater Telemetry System			1,606	(1,606)
Monitoring	3,000	3,000	2,353	647
Lab Supplies	15,000	15,000	7,211	7,789
Chemicals	45,000	45,000	47,543	(2,543)
Testing	6,500	6,500	8,946	(2,446)
WWT Plant R & M	25,000	25,000	5,851	19,149
WW Collection System R & M	20,000	20,000	1,692	18,308
Wastewater Pumping	18,145	18,145		18,145
Solid Waste Disposal	6,000	6,000	1,248	4,752
Bio-Solids Management	15,000	15,000	4,352	10,648
Step System Pumping	6,000	6,000	4,464	1,536
Step System R & M	10,000	10,000	11,604	(1,604)
Building R & M	20,000	20,000	4,963	15,037
Generator R & M	8,000	8,000	9,604	(1,604)
Backhoe R & M	5,000	5,000	-	5,000
NPDES Permit	4,000	4,000	3,579	421
Transportation	7,000	7,000	10,250	(3,250)
Grounds R & M	7,000	7,000	906	6,094
Customer Assist Pymt Program	2,000	2,000	-	2,000
Total Materials and Services	413,645	413,645	(1) 267,889	145,756
Operating Contingency	40,000	40,000	. (1)	40,000
Total Expenditures	986,645	986,645	745,096	241,549
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures	(252,745)	(252,745)	4,731	257,476
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers Out	(75,255)	(75,255)	(1)	75,255
Net Change in Fund Balance	(328,000)	(328,000)	4,731	332,731
Beginning Fund Balance (restated)	328,000	328,000	364,334	36,334
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 369,065	\$ 369,065

(1) Appropriation level

Continued from page 26a

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS)

For the year ended June 30, 2022

MASTER PLAN FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer Out	(1,703,600)	(1,703,600) (1)	(1,173,714)	529,886
Total Other Financing	(1,703,600)	(1,703,600)	(1,173,714)	529,886
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,703,600)	(1,703,600)	(1,173,714)	529,886
Beginning Fund Balance	1,703,600	1,703,600	1,173,714	(529,886)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	\$	\$ -	\$ -

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS)

For the year ended June 30, 2022

DEBT SERVICE FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET			ACTUAL			VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET		
REVENUES:											
Property Taxes	\$	369,000	\$	369,000		\$	388,913	\$	19,913		
Capital Imp Charge: WWTP		343,000		343,000			350,439		7,439		
Interest Earned : LGIP		2,000		2,000			(148)		(2,148)		
Earnings on Investments		17,000		17,000	_		(6,081)		(23,081)		
Total Revenues		731,000		731,000	_	733,123			2,123		
EXPENDITURES:											
Debt Service:											
GO Bond Principal Payments		331,000		331,000			330,928		72		
GO Bond Interest Payments		44,000		44,000			43,426		574		
Revenue Bond Principal Payments		396,000		396,000			219,643		176,357		
Revenue Bond Interest Payments		-		-			176,053		(176,053)		
Bond Reserve		1,577,600		1,577,600			-		1,577,600		
Short Lived Asset Reserve		90,000		90,000	_		_		90,000		
Total Expenditures		2,438,600		2,438,600	(1)_		770,050		1,668,550		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers In - Master Plan Fund		1,703,600		1,703,600	_		1,173,714		(529,886)		
Total Other Financing		1,703,600		1,703,600	_		1,173,714		(529,886)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(4,000)		(4,000)			1,136,787		1,140,787		
Beginning Fund Balance (restated)		124,000		124,000			714,181		590,181		
Ending Fund Balance	\$	120,000	\$	120,000	_	\$	1,850,968	\$	1,730,968		

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS)

For the year ended June 30, 2022

WATER SDC/CIC RESERVE FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:				
Tap Fees	\$ 8,500	\$ 8,500	\$ 17,691	\$ 9,191
Capital Improvement Charges	53,000	53,000	51,985	(1,015)
System Development Charges	174,830	174,830	681,107	506,277
Reimbursements	10,000	10,000	1,200	(8,800)
Earnings on Investments	15,000	15,000	(6,637)	(21,637)
Total Revenues	261,330	261,330	745,346	484,016
EXPENDITURES:				
Materials and Services	40,000	40,000	(1) 2,223	37,777
Capital Outlay:				
Equipment	305,000	305,000	35,977	269,023
Construction	416,330	416,330	72,019	344,311
New Construction/Improvement		655,000	13,108	641,892
Office Building	25,000	25,000	12,132	12,868
Computer /Office Equipment	40,000	40,000	61,373	(21,373)
Engineering/Legal	325,000	325,000	56,570	268,430
Service Installations	10,000	10,000	***************************************	10,000
Rolling Stock	115,000	115,000	100,568	14,432
Total Capital Outlay	1,891,330	1,891,330	(1) 351,747	1,539,583
Total Expenditures	1,931,330	1,931,330	353,970	1,577,360
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures	(1,670,000)	(1,670,000)	. 391,376	2,061,376
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In	27,000	27,000		(27,000)
Total Other Financing	27,000	27,000	_	27,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,643,000)	(1,643,000)	391,376	2,034,376
Beginning Fund Balance	1,643,000	1,643,000	1,671,854	28,854
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,063,230	\$ 2,063,230

(1) Appropriation level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS)

For the year ended June 30, 2022

SEWER SDC/CIC RESERVE FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		 ACTUAL	7	ARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES:							
Capital Improvement Charges System Development Charges Grants Reimbursements/Refunds	\$ 87,600 94,460 15,000 5,000	\$	87,600 94,460 15,000 5,000		\$ 84,987 377,305 - 58,632	\$	(2,613) 282,845 (15,000) 53,632
Earnings on Investments	8,000	•	8,000		 (4,112)		(12,112)
Total Revenues	210,060		210,060		 516,812		306,752
EXPENDITURES:							
Materials and Services	40,000		40,000	(1)	 36,132 *		3,868
Capital Outlay:							
Equipment	150,000		150,000		9,578		140,422
Safety Equip	5,000		5,000		1,327		3,673
Service Installations	5,000		5,000		2,146		2,854
New Construction/Improv	478,715		478,715		24,921		453,794
Lift Station Improvements	120,000		120,000		42,136		77,864
Office/Lab Remodel	25,000		25,000		12,132		12,868
Engineering	155,000		155,000		23,551		131,449
Computer/Office Equip	15,000		15,000		39		14,961
Step System Improvement	80,000		80,000		•		80,000
Rolling Stock	115,000		115,000		100,568		14,432
Inflow and Infiltration	40,000		40,000		 -		40,000
Total Capital Outlay	1,188,715		1,188,715	(1)	 216,398		972,317
Debt Service:							
Loan Re-Payment	57,000		57,000		 55,034		1,966
Total Debt Service	57,000		57,000	(1)	55,034		1,966
Total Expenditures	1,285,715		1,285,715		307,564		978,151
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,075,655)		(1,075,655)		209,248		1,284,903
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In	75,255		75,255		 		(75,255)
Total Other Financing	75,255	•	75,255		 -		(75,255)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,000,400)		(1,000,400)		209,248		1,209,648
Beginning Fund Balance	1,000,400		1,000,400		 1,013,862		13,462
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	_		\$ 1,223,110	\$	1,223,110

^{*} Includes expenditures of \$36,132 towards the replacement of short lived assets as identified by RDUSDA Loan.

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation level

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES OF TAXES UNCOLLECTED - DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2022

Tax Year	B Unc	nal Levy or alance collected 1/1/21	Deduc	ct Discounts	Adjustments to Rolls		Add Interest		Cash Collections by County Treasurer		Balance Uncollected 6/30/22	
Current:												
2021-22	\$	394,854	\$	(10,192)	\$	(208)	\$	227	\$	377,153	\$	7,528
Prior Years:												
2020-21		7,449		-		(348)		339		4,116		3,324
2019-20		3,651		_		(413)		407		2,052		1,593
2018-19		1,844		-		(425)		421		1,385		455
2017-18		836		-		(274)		268		685		145
Prior Years		1,748				(424)		377		579		1,122
Total Prior		15,528				(1,883)		1,813		8,817	-	6,639
Total	\$	410,382	\$	(10,192)	\$	(2,091)	\$	2,040	\$	385,970	\$	14,167
					RECC	ONCILIATION NECESTRATION NECEST	ON TO	REVENUE	Ξ:			
					Cash C	Collections by	County	Treasurer A	bove		\$	385,970
					Accrue	ed at 6/30/21						(3,656)
						ed at 6/30/21						2,927
						nts in Lieu of	Taxes					3,672
							Total R	eceipts			\$	388,913
					RECO)NCILIATI	OT NC	RECEIVA	BLES:			
Balance Uncollected Above								\$	14,167			
					Unposted adjustments As reported on Statement of Net Position						\$	14,167

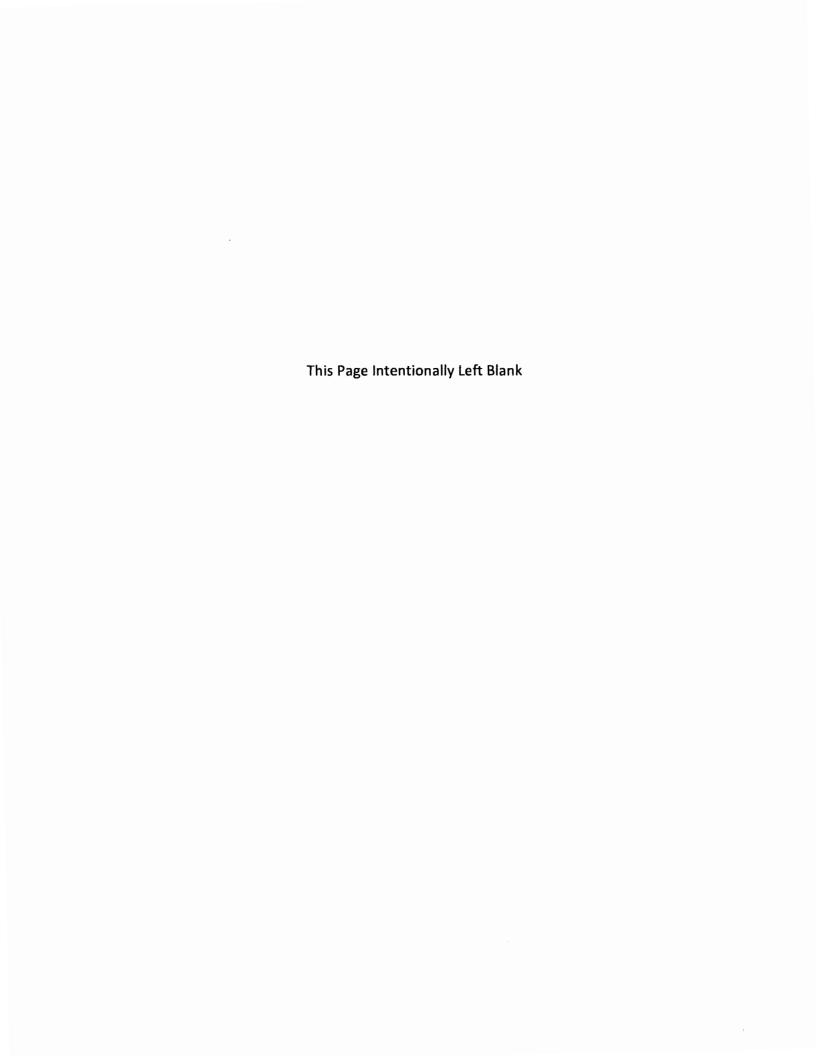
SCHEDULE OF BOND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES For the year ended June 30, 2022

DATE OF ISSUE	-	RIGINAL MOUNT	LINI	IATURED BONDS & E OF CREDIT ISTANDING 7/1/2021	LINE OF ADI DUF	DS & CREDIT DED RING YEAR	LINE MA	ONDS & OF CREDIT ATURING OURING IE YEAR	REDE LINE	BONDS EMED AND OF CREDIT PAID DURING IE YEAR	LINE OU'I	ATURED SONDS & OF CREDIT STANDING 5/30/2022
05/12/17 06/21/19 Credit Union Note	\$	3,324,464 8,710,000 500,000	\$ 	2,080,515 8,284,826 155,854 10,521,195	\$		\$	330,928 219,643 52,719 603,290	\$ 	330,928 219,643 52,719 603,290	\$ 	1,749,587 8,065,183 103,135 9,917,905

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor / Program Title GRANTS	Pass Through Entity	Activity Listing Number	Pass Through Entity Number	Period Covered	Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
US Department of Agriculture						
Water & Waste Disposal Loan & Grant Program	Rural Development	10.760		07/01/21-06/30/22	<u> </u>	\$ -
LOANS						
Federal Grantor / Program Title US Department of Agriculture	Pass Through Entity	Activity Listing Number	Pass Through Entity Number	Period Covered	Expenditures	Loan Balance at Beginning of Period
Water & Waste Disposal Loan & Grant Program	Rural Development	10.760		07/01/21-06/30/22	\$ -	\$ 8,284,826
	Total Federal Financi	al Assistance			\$ -	

PACIFIC CITY JOINT WATER-SANITARY AUTHORITY TILLAMOOK COUNTY, OREGON INDEPENDANT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS





PAULY, ROGERS AND Co., P.C. 12700 SW 72nd Ave. ◆ Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 ◆ (503) 684-7523 FAX www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

August 2, 2023

Independent Auditors' Report Required by Oregon State Regulations

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Pacific City Joint Water and Sanitary Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated August 2, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statues as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).
- Schedule of Accountability of Elected Officials

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the Pacific City Joint Water and Sanitary Authority was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations except as follows:

1. The budget committee was originally scheduled for May 17, 2022 but at the last minute was rescheduled to May 24, 2022 because the Budget Officer was unavailable but there was no newspaper publication to advertise the rescheduled meeting. Also there are no time stamps to show a website notice ran for ten continuous days prior to the scheduled/rescheduled meeting dates and the published newspaper notice for the original meeting did not contain the internet website address at which the online notice was posted.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the internal controls over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting.

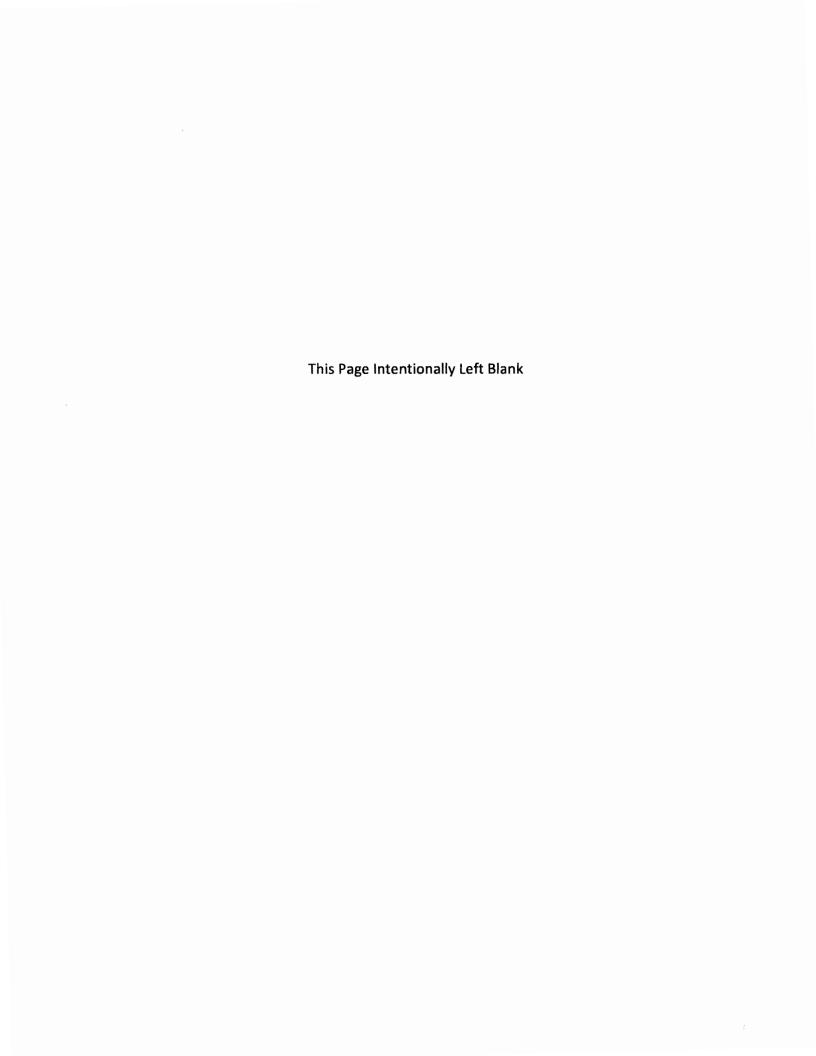
This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Roy R. Rogers, CPA

Roy R Rogas

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

GRANT COMPLIANCE REVIEW





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August 2, 2023

To the Board of Directors
Pacific City Joint Water-Sanitary Authority (the Authority)
Tillamook County, Oregon

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pacific City Joint Water-Sanitary Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 2, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Roy R. Rogers, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.



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August 2, 2023

To the Board of Directors
Pacific City Joint Water-Sanitary Authority (the Authority)
Tillamook County, Oregon

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Pacific City Joint Water-Sanitary Authority's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Pacific City Joint Water-Sanitary Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Pacific City Joint Water-Sanitary Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,

intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform
 audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence
 regarding compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other
 procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance
 in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Roy R. Rogers, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEM	ENTS					
Type of auditors' report i	issued:		Unmo	odified		
Internal control over finan	ncial reporting:					
Material weakness(es)) identified?			yes	X	no
Significant deficiency(to be material weakne	(s) identified that are not considents:	ered		yes	X	none reported
Noncompliance material	to financial statemetns noted?			yes	X	no
•	igs disclosed that are required to vith section 515(d)(2) of the Unit	_		yes	X	no
FEDERAL AWARDS						
Internal control over maj	or programs:					
Material weakness(es) identified?			yes	X	no
Significant deficiency to be material weakne	(s) identified that are not considents:	ered		yes	X	none reported
Type of auditors' report	issued on compliance for major	programs:	Unm	odified		
•	sed that are required to be repor 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guid			yes	X	no
IDENTIFICATION OF	MAJOR PROGRAMS					
AL NUMBER	NAME OF FEDERAL PROG	GRAM CLUSTER				
10.760	Water & Wastewater Disposal	Loan & Grant Prog	ram			
Dollar threshold used to	distinguish between type A and	B programs	\$750	,000		
Auditee qualified as low-	risk auditee?		\mathbf{x}	yes		no

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL EXPENDITURES

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes federal grant activity under programs of the federal government. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations, it is not intended to and does not present the net position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the entity.